

# Financial Statements The Register of Gas Installers of Ireland Company Limited By Guarantee

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

# Company Information

| Directors           | C. Costelloe<br>A. Crotty (resigned 18 January 2016)<br>L. Nolan<br>S. Corrigan<br>J. O' Dwyer (resigned 18 January 2016)<br>W. Doyle<br>D. Higgins<br>S. Giffney (appointed 12 September 2016)<br>P. Bracken (appointed 8 May 2017) |
|---------------------|--|
| Company secretary   | Pierce Martin  |
| Registered number   | 464892   |
| Registered office   | Unit 9<br>KCR Industrial Estate<br>Ravensdale Park<br>Kimmage<br>Dublin 12   |
| Independent auditor | Grant Thornton<br>Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm<br>Molyneux House<br>Bride Street<br>Dublin 8   |
| Bankers             | Allied Irish Bank<br>9 Terenure Road East<br>Rathgar<br>Dublin 6   |
| Solicitors          | Daly Lynch Crowe and Morris<br>The Corn Exchange<br>Burgh Quay<br>Dublin 2   |

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### Directors' Report For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **Principal activities and business review**

The principal activity of the company during the year is to be a non-profit-making regulatory body for the gas contracting industry. On 4th November 2015 the company was re-appointed by the Commission for Energy Regulation (CER) to be the gas safety supervisory body under S9F(1)(a) of the Electricity Regulation Act 1999 (as amended) for a period of 7 years from the 'go live date', 1st January 2016. Under the terms of agreement with CER the company must operate regulated activities on a not-for-profit basis.

Any surplus arising on regulated activities cannot be distributed to members of the company but used to fund future regulated activities.

The company has no activities other than regulated activities.

#### Results

The loss for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to €160,700 (2015 - loss €87,591).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the financial year were:

C. Costelloe
A. Crotty (resigned 18 January 2016)
L. Nolan
S. Corrigan
J. O' Dwyer (resigned 18 January 2016)
W. Doyle
D. Higgins
S. Giffney (appointed 12 September 2016)

#### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The directors consider that the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the company are in the following categories:

#### Principal risks

The directors are taking every step to ensure the company meets its agreed performance targets with the Commission for Energy Regulation.

#### Financial risk

The company has budgetary and financial reporting procedures, supported by appropriate key performance indicators, to manage credit, liquidity and other financial risk. All key financial figures are monitored on an ongoing basis.

#### People in our business

The continued success of the company has been achieved by the people working in it. The relatively low turnover of personnel reflects the general policy of providing good terms and conditions of employment while dealing with staff as well as the other stakeholders in the business, in a fair and consistent manner.

### Directors' Report (continued) For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

Accounting records

The measures taken by the directors to ensure compliance with the requirements of Sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, are the employment of appropriately qualified accounting personnel and the maintenance of computerised accounting systems. The company's accounting records are maintained at the company's registered office at Unit 9, KCR Industrial Estate, Ravensdale Park, Kimmage, Dublin 12.

#### Events since the end of the year

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

#### **Future developments**

The directors are currently taking every step to ensure that the company continues to meet its agreed performance targets with the Commission for Energy Regulation.

#### **Research and development activities**

The company did not enter into any research and development activities during either the current or preceding financial year.

#### Statement on relevant audit information

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Branches outside the state

There are no branches of the company outside the State.

#### Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton, have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

This report was approved by the board on 28 April 2017 and signed on its behalf.

W. Doyle Director D. Higgins Director

### Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare the financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Irish Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland and Irish law.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at the financial year end date, of the profit or loss of the Company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the Company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board 28 April 2017

W. Doyle Director

| D. Higgins |  |
|------------|--|
| Director   |  |



## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Register of Gas Installers of Ireland Company Limited By Guarantee

We have audited the financial statements of The Register of Gas Installers of Ireland Company Limited By Guarantee for the financial year ended 31 December 2016, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### **Respective responsibilities of Directors and the Auditor**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.



## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Register of Gas Installers of Ireland Company Limited By Guarantee

#### Matters on which we are required to report by the Companies Act 2014

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

Molyneux House Bride Street Dublin 8 Turlough Mullen FCA for and on behalf of **Grant Thornton** Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

28 April 2017

### Statement of Comprehensive Income For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

|   | Note | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|
| Turnover                                    | 4    | 1,429,470 | 1,499,411 |
| Cost of sales                               |      | (622,452) | (771,553) |
| Gross profit                                |      | 807,018   | 727,858   |
| Administrative expenses                     |      | (968,915) | (820,568) |
| Operating loss                              | 5    | (161,897) | (92,710)  |
| Interest receivable and similar income      | 8    | 1,998     | 6,257     |
| Loss before tax                             |      | (159,899) | (86,453)  |
| Tax on loss                                 | 9    | (801)     | (1,138)   |
| Loss for the financial year                 |      | (160,700) | (87,591)  |
| All amounts relate to continuing operations |      |           |           |

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2016 or 2015 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2016 (2015:€NIL).

The notes on pages 10 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2016

|  | Note |           | 2016<br>€ |           | 2015<br>€ |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets                                   |      |           |           |           |           |
| Tangible fixed assets                          | 10   |           | 61,596    |           | 62,830    |
|  |      | _         | 61,596    |           | 62,830    |
| Current assets                                 |      |           |           |           |           |
| Stocks   | 11   | 11,667    |           | 11,936    |           |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year   | 12   | 25,265    |           | 29,082    |           |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       | 13   | 1,059,313 |           | 1,076,061 |           |
|  | -    | 1,096,245 | _         | 1,117,079 |           |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 14   | (560,209) |           | (421,577) |           |
| Net current assets                             | •    |           | 536,036   |           | 695,502   |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |      |           | 597,632   | _         | 758,332   |
| Net assets                                     |      | =         | 597,632   | =         | 758,332   |
| Capital and reserves                           |      |           |           |           |           |
| Profit and loss account                        | 16   |           | 597,632   |           | 758,332   |
| Surplus funds                                  |      |           | 597,632   |           | 758,332   |

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 28 April 2017.

 W. Doyle
 D. Higgins

 Director
 Director

 The notes on pages 10 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

|   | Profit and loss account | Total equity |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|
|   | €                       | €            |
| At 1 January 2016                           | 758,332                 | 758,332      |
| Comprehensive income for the financial year |                         |              |
| Loss for the financial year                 | (160,700)               | (160,700)    |
| At 31 December 2016                         | 597,632                 | 597,632      |

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the financial year ended 31 December 2015

|                                   | Profit and<br>loss account | 1 2      |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
|                                   | €                          | €        |
| At 1 January 2015                 | 845,923                    | 845,923  |
| Comprehensive income for the year |                            |          |
| Loss for the year                 | (87,591)                   | (87,591) |
| At 31 December 2015               | 758,332                    | 758,332  |

The notes on pages 10 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

|  | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities                             | Ŭ         | 0         |
| Loss for the financial year                                      | (160,700) | (87,591)  |
| Adjustments for:   |           |           |
| Depreciation of tangible assets                                  | 48,976    | 40,101    |
| Interest received  | (1,998)   | (6,257)   |
| Corporation tax charge   | 801       | 1,138     |
| Decrease in stocks   | 269       | 1,913     |
| Decrease in debtors  | 768       | 4,302     |
| Increase in creditors  | 138,632   | 90,448    |
| Corporation tax refunded/(paid)                                  | 2,248     | (2,173)   |
| Net cash generated from operating activities                     | 28,996    | 41,881    |
| Cash flows from investing activities                             |           |           |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets                                | (47,742)  | (31,763)  |
| Interest received  | 1,998     | 6,257     |
| Net cash from investing activities                               | (45,744)  | (25,506)  |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents             | (16,748)  | 16,375    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year         | 1,076,061 | 1,059,686 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of financial year           | 1,059,313 | 1,076,061 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of financial year comprise: |           |           |
| Cash at bank and in hand   | 1,059,313 | 1,076,061 |
|  | 1,059,313 | 1,076,061 |

### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### **1. General information**

The Register of Gas Installers of Ireland Company Limited By Guarantee is a company limited by guarantee without share capital and incorporated in Ireland with a registered office at Unit 9, KCR Industrial Estate, Ravensdale Park, Kimmage, Dublin 12.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and Irish statute comprising of the Companies Act 2014.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 25% Straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 2.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

#### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.9 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

#### 2.11 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 2.12 Accounting policy on reserves

Under the terms of agreement with CER the company must operate on a not-for-profit basis. Any surplus arising on regulated activities cannot be distributed to members of the company but used to fund future regulated activities. The company has no activities other than regulated activities.

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

#### 2.1 Critical management judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimation, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Recognition of provisions and contingencies

Judgement is exercised by management to distinguish between provisions and contingencies.

#### 2.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period:

#### Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and physical obsolescence that may change the utility of certain property, plant and equipment.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 4. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

All turnover arose in Ireland.

#### 5. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

The operating loss is stated after charging:

|                                       | 2016   | 2015   |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|                                       | €      | €      |
| Depreciation of tangible fixed assets | 48,976 | 40,101 |
| Defined contribution pension cost     | 14,435 | 10,424 |

#### 6. Employees

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

| 2016    | 2015                             |
|---------|----------------------------------|
| €       | €                                |
| 595,388 | 543,714                          |
| 65,920  | 45,650                           |
| 14,435  | 10,424                           |
| 675,743 | 599,788                          |
|         | €<br>595,388<br>65,920<br>14,435 |

Capitalised employee costs during the financial year amounted to €NIL (2015 - €NIL).

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the financial year was as follows:

|                                 | 2016<br>No. | 2015<br>No. |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Number of inspectors            | 5           | 5           |
| Number of administrative staff  | 4           | 4           |
| Number of other staff-directors | 7           | 7           |
|                                 | 16          | 16          |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 7. Directors' remuneration

|                       | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Directors' emoluments | 7,129     | 8,228     |

Other than the amounts disclosed in the table above, any further required disclosures in section 305 & 306 of the Companies Act 2014 are nil for both the current financial year and the preceding financial year.

#### 8. Interest receivable

|                          | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Bank interest receivable | 1,998     | 6,257     |

### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 9. Taxation

|   | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Corporation tax                           |           |           |
| Current tax on profits for the year       | 801       | 1,138     |
| Total current tax                         | 801       | 1,138     |
| Taxation on profit on ordinary activities | 801       | 1,138     |

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the financial year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in Ireland of 12.5% (2015 - 12.5%). The differences are explained below:

|  | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Loss on ordinary activities before tax   | (159,899) | (86,453)  |
| Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in Ireland of 12.5% (2015 - 12.5%) <b>Effects of:</b> | (19,987)  | (10,807)  |
| Non-taxable income less expenses not deductible for tax purposes   | 19,988    | 10,807    |
| Additional tax arising from profits chargeable at 25%  | 800       | 1,138     |
| Total tax charge for the financial year  | 801       | 1,138     |

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 10. Tangible fixed assets

| Cost or valuation                     |         |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| At 1 January 2016                     | 402,506 |
| Additions                             | 47,742  |
| At 31 December 2016                   | 450,248 |
| Depreciation                          |         |
| At 1 January 2016                     | 339,676 |
| Charge for the period on owned assets | 48,976  |
| At 31 December 2016                   | 388,652 |
| Net book value                        |         |
| At 31 December 2016                   | 61,596  |
| At 31 December 2015                   | 62,830  |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### **10. Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

| 370,743<br>31,763<br>402,506 |
|------------------------------|
| 31,763                       |
|                              |
| 402,506                      |
|                              |
|                              |
| 299,575                      |
| 40,101                       |
| 339,676                      |
|                              |
| 62,830                       |
| 71,168                       |
| :                            |

#### 11. Stocks

|                                     | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Finished goods and goods for resale | 11,667    | 11,936    |

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the financial year as an expense was €68,438 (2015: €68,058).

#### 12. Debtors

|                                | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trade debtors                  | 2,902     | 705       |
| Other debtors                  | 270       | 3,319     |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 22,093    | 25,058    |
|                                | 25,265    | 29,082    |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 13. Cash and cash equivalents

|                          | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Cash at bank and in hand | 1,059,313 | 1,076,061 |

#### 14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

|                                     | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trade creditors                     | 108,055   | 127,175   |
| Taxation and social insurance       | 13,623    | 8,246     |
| Other creditors                     | 198,999   | 99,154    |
| Amounts owed to related parties     | 170,878   | 110,605   |
| Accruals                            | 68,654    | 76,397    |
|                                     | 560,209   | 421,577   |
|                                     | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
| Other taxation and social insurance |           |           |
| PAYE/PRSI control                   | 13,623    | 8,246     |
|                                     | 13,623    | 8,246     |
|                                     |           |           |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 15. Financial instruments

|   | 2016<br>€ | 2015<br>€ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Financial assets  |           |           |
| Cash at bank  | 1,059,313 | 1,076,061 |
| Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost | 3,172     | 4,024     |
|   | 1,062,485 | 1,080,085 |
| Financial liabilities   |           |           |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost                      | (592,467) | (413,331) |
|   | (592,467) | (413,331) |
|   |           |           |

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise of trade and debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise of amounts owed to related parties, trade and other creditors and accruals.

#### 16. Reserves

#### Profit and loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profit and losses.

#### 17. Company status

The Company is limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. The members shall be indemnified and saved harmless out of the assets and revenue of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they may incur on winding up or liquidation of the Company.

#### **18. Pension commitments**

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to  $\leq 14,435$  (2015 -  $\leq 10,424$ ). Contributions totaling  $\leq 854$  (2015 -  $\leq 854$ ) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016

#### 19. Related party transactions

The Company was under the control of a common director during the current year.

The following related party transactions occurred during the year:

The Company is related to the Register of Electrical Contractors of Ireland Limited (RECI) due to common directors. Both Companies operate from the same premises and share common costs. The balance due to RECI was €170,878 at 31 December 2016 (2015: €110,605).

During the period RECI charged the Company €32,726 for facility usage (2015: €15,869).

#### 20. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 28 April 2017